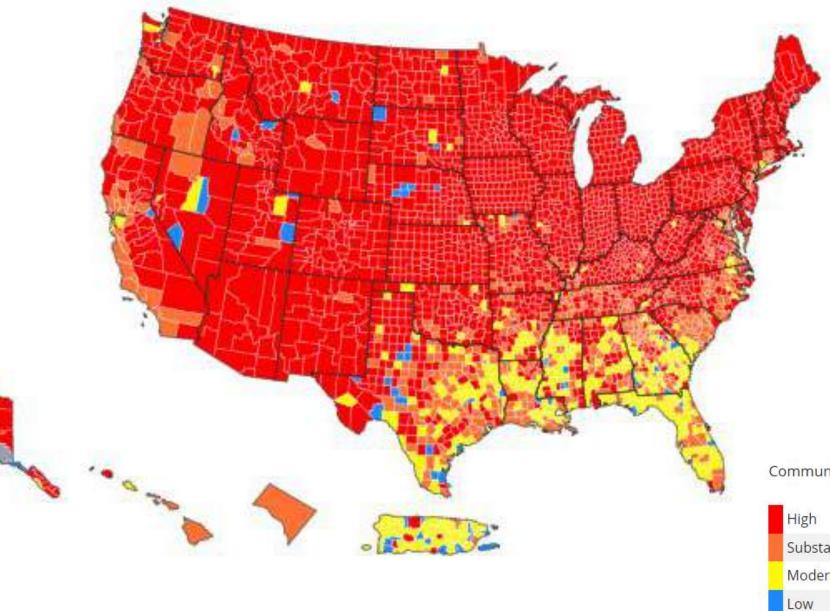
Mariana Lanata MD, FAAP









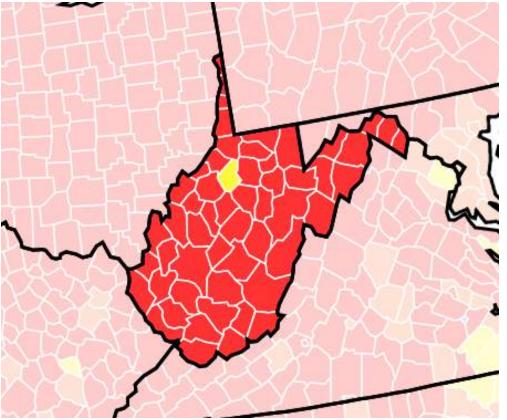


Community Transmission in US by County

		Total	Percent	% Change		
	High	2178	67.6%	-3.26%		
	Substantial	<mark>5</mark> 32	16.51%	-0.4%		
	Moderate	416	12.91%	3.32%		
	Low	93	2.89%	0.34%		
-						

https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#datatracker-home





West Virginia

7-day Metrics

Community Transmission

🔴 High

How is community transmission calculated?

	November 14, 2021
Cases	5,598
% Positivity	8-9.9%
Deaths	92
% Eligible Population Fully Vaccinated	47.3%
New Hospital Admissions (7-Day Moving Avg)	53













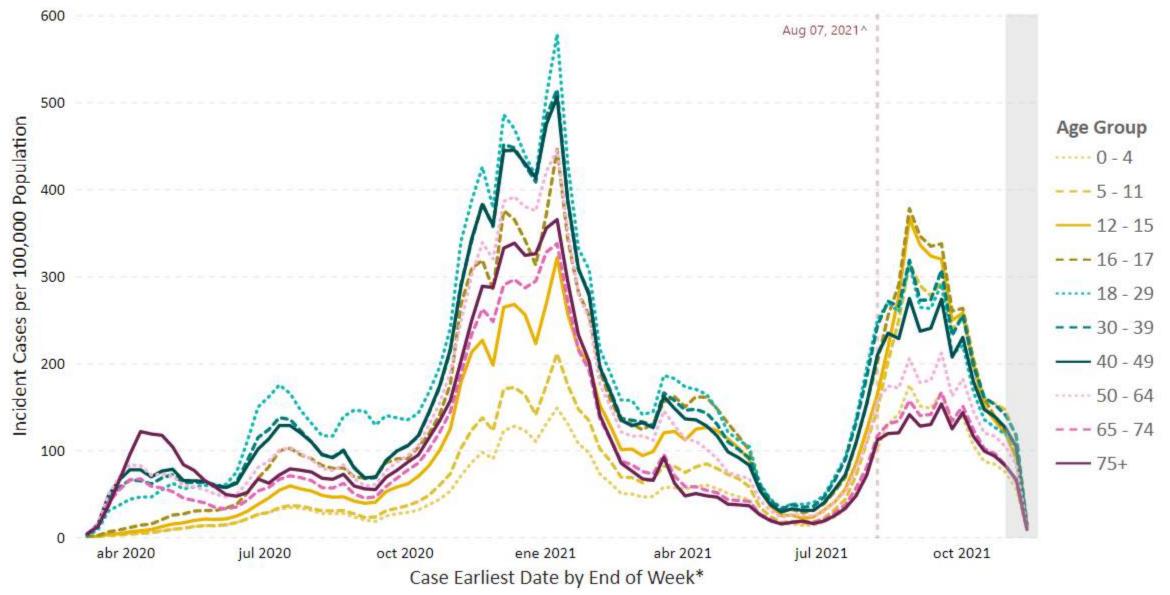


Looking back at the Pandemic so far...

COVID-19 Weekly Cases per 100,000 Population by Age Group, United States

March 01, 2020 - November 13, 2021*

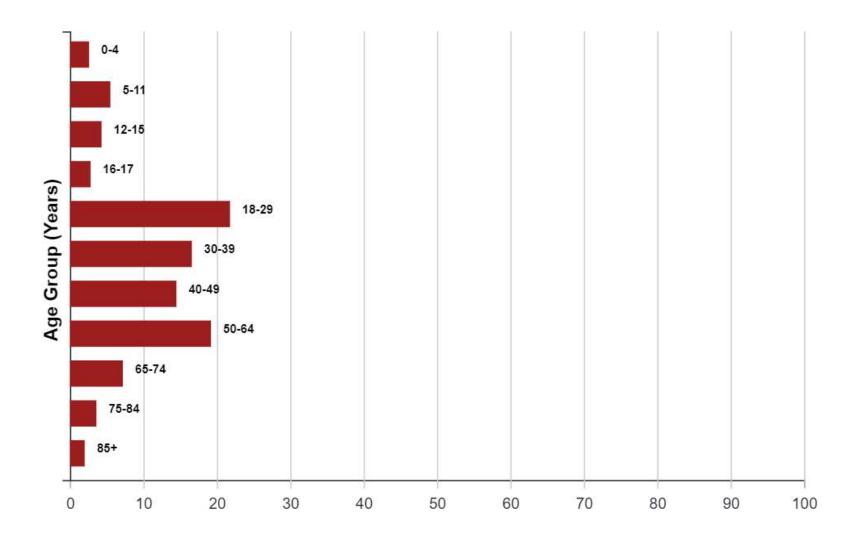




https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#datatracker-home

Cases by Age Group:

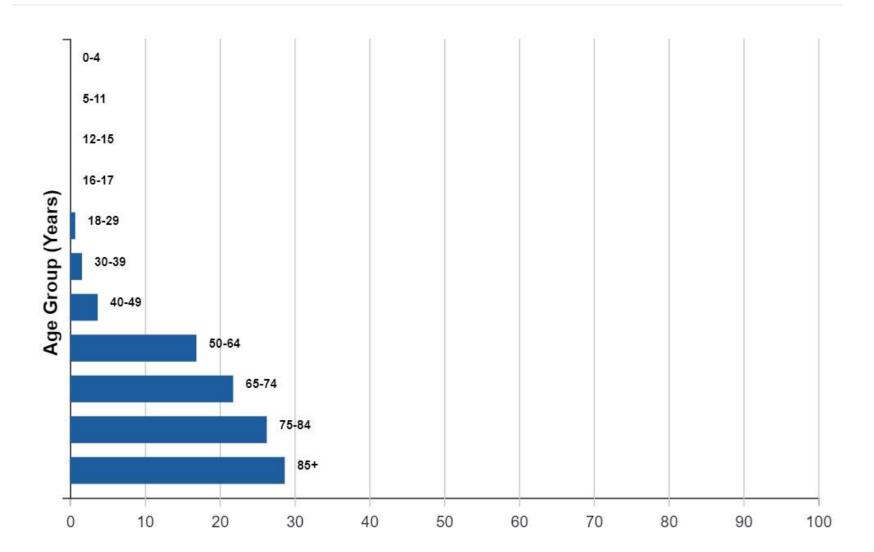
Data from 38,161,727 cases. Age group was available for 37,768,151 (98%) of cases.





Deaths by Age Group:

Data from 633,387 deaths. Age group was available for 633,296 (99%) of deaths.







Risk for COVID-19 Infection, Hospitalization and Death by Age Group

Rate ratios compared to 18- to 29-year-olds¹

	0-4 years old	5-17 years old	18-29 years old	30-39 years old	40-49 years old	50-64 years old	65-74 years old	75-84 years old	85+ years old
Cases ²	<1x	1x	Reference group	1x	1x	1x	1x	1x	1x
Hospitalization ³	<1x	<1x	Reference group	2x	2x	4x	6x	9x	15x
Death ⁴	<1x	<1x	Reference group	4x	10x	35x	95x	230x	600x

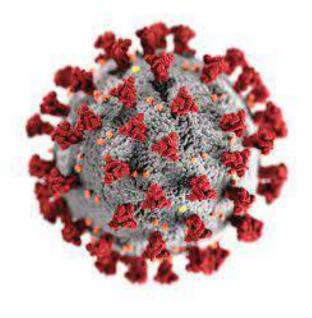




Why is COVID important in pediatrics?

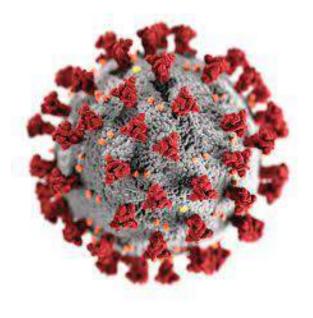


- COVID-19 cases
- COVID-19 related hospitalizations
- COVID-19 associated mortality
- MIS-C
- Long Haul COVID





- COVID-19 cases
- COVID-19 related hospitalizations
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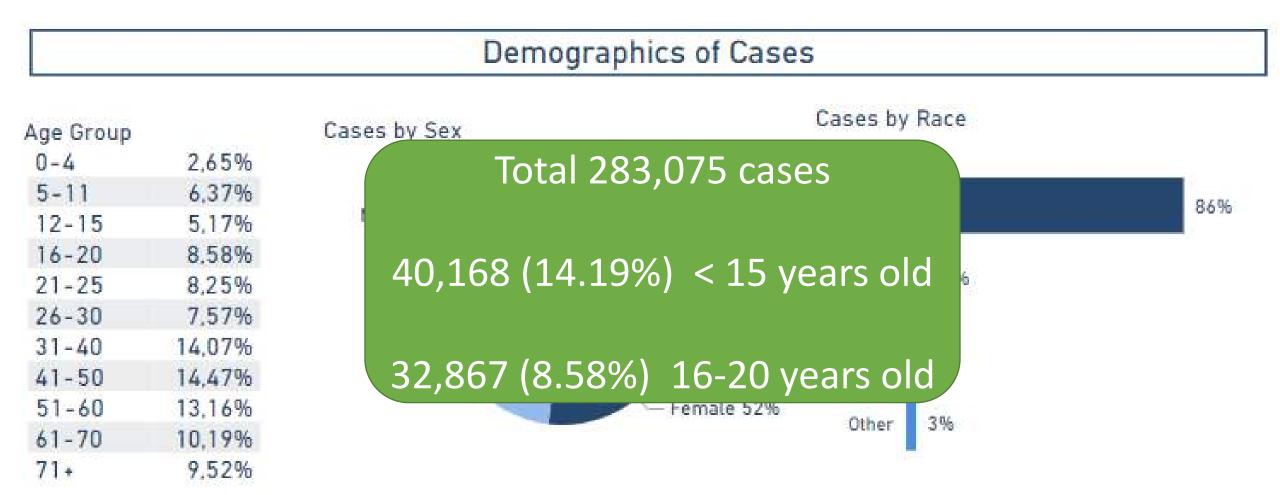


Epidemiology of COVID-19 in children in the US

- >6.6 million children tested + for SARS-CoV2 in the US
 - About 16.8% of total cumulative cases
 - 122,229 child COVID-19 cases reported in the past week! (11/4-11/11)



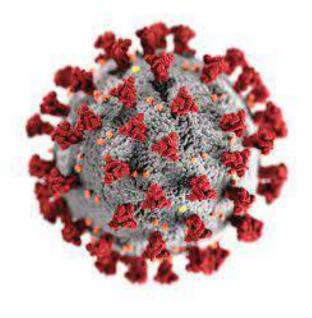
Cases per age group in West Virginia



dhhr.wv.gov



- COVID-19 cases
- COVID-19 related hospitalizations
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- Long Haul COVID





COVID-19 related hospitalizations

- Children account for 1.7-4.3% of total COVID-19 hospitalizations
 - 24 states + NYC reported
 - Among children with COVID-19 only 0.1-2% result in hospitalization
 - Of those, 32% had no underlying conditions



Children with SARS-CoV-2 in the National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C)

- 91,865 pediatric SARS-CoV2 infections
- 5,213 (6%) were hospitalized
- 685 (13%) met criteria for severe disease
 - Mechanical ventilation (7%)
 - Vasopressor/inotropic support (7%)
 - ECMO (0.6%)
 - Death/discharge to hospice (1/1%)
- Male gender, African American race, older age and several pediatric complex chronic conditions were associated to higher clinical severity (p<0.05)



COVID-19 Hospitalizations in Children

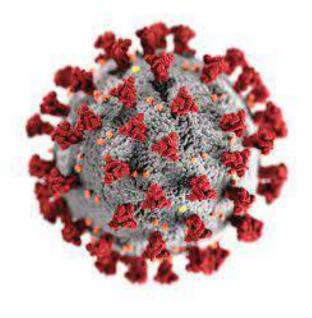
- Children requiring hospitalizations were more likely to have:
 - Cardiac or congenital heart disease
 - Chronic lung disease
 - Genetic syndromes (Trisomy 21)
 - Prematurity (<37 WGA)
 - Immunocompromised condition
 - Obesity (BMI>95th percentile)
 - Young age or older adolescence
- Increased association of severe COVID-19 was observed among patients with 1 or more chronic conditions* vs those with none (adjusted odds ratio 3.27, Cl 2.44-4.37)

* Chronic conditions defined by AHRQ Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project, Chronic Condition Indicators for ICD-10-CM.

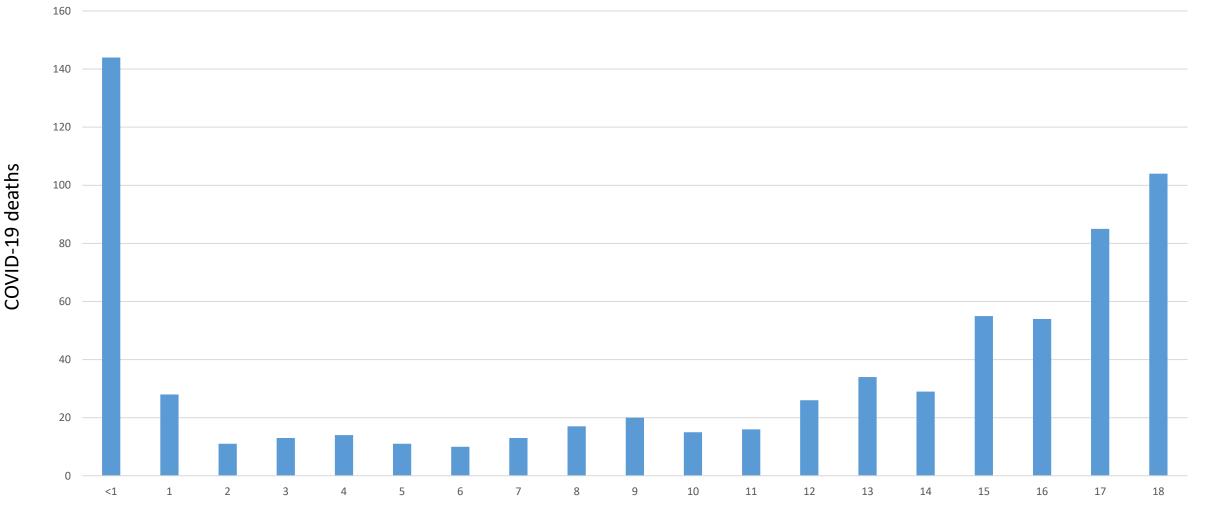
Mannheim J, Gretsch S, Layden JE, et al. J Pediatric Infect Dis Soc. 2020 Preston LE, Chevinsky JR, Kompaniyets L, et al. JAMA Netw Open. 2021 Macias-Parra M., Fortes-Gutierrez Sofia., et al. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics. 2021 Kim L, Whitaker M, O'Halloran A, et al. MMWR. 2020



- COVID-19 cases
- COVID-19 related hospitalizations
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COVID-19 Deaths by Age Group, NCHS USA January 1st 2020 – Nov 10th 2021



Age in years

https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Provisional-COVID-19-Death-Counts-by-Age-in-Years-/3apk-4u4f

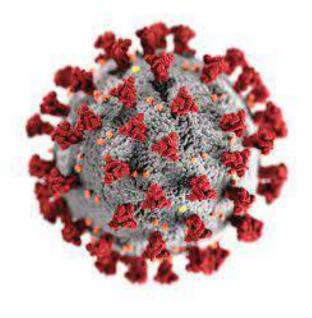


COVID-19 Deaths by Age Group, NCHS USA January 1st 2020 – Nov 10th 2021

- 699 deaths <18 years of age
- 387 were 12 years old or older and already would of qualified for a vaccine
- 102 are between 5-11 years of age.

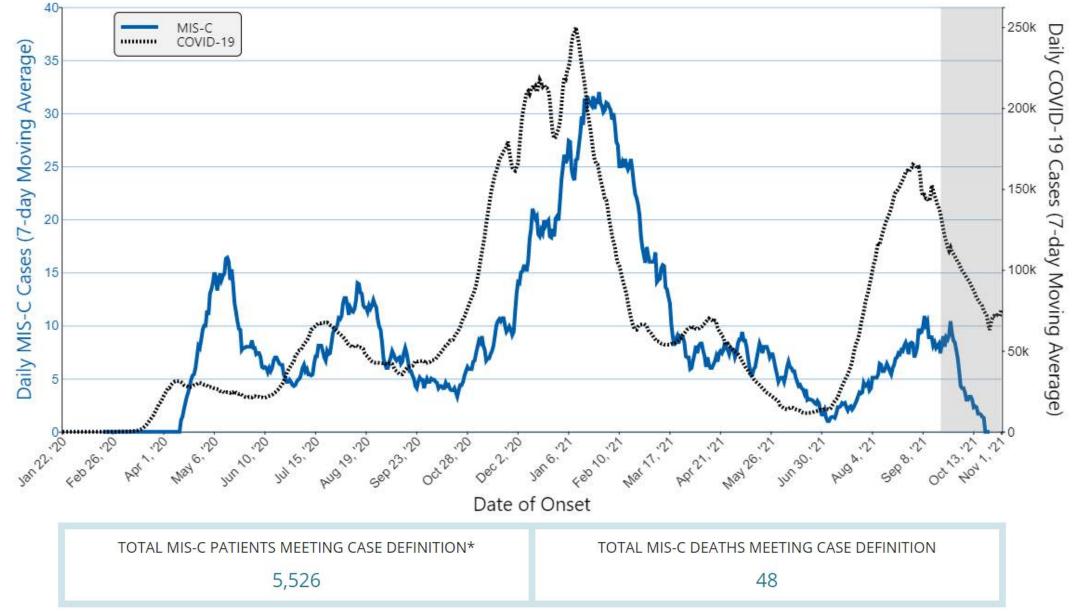


- COVID-19 cases
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Daily MIS-C Cases and COVID-19 Cases Reported to CDC (7-Day Moving Average)

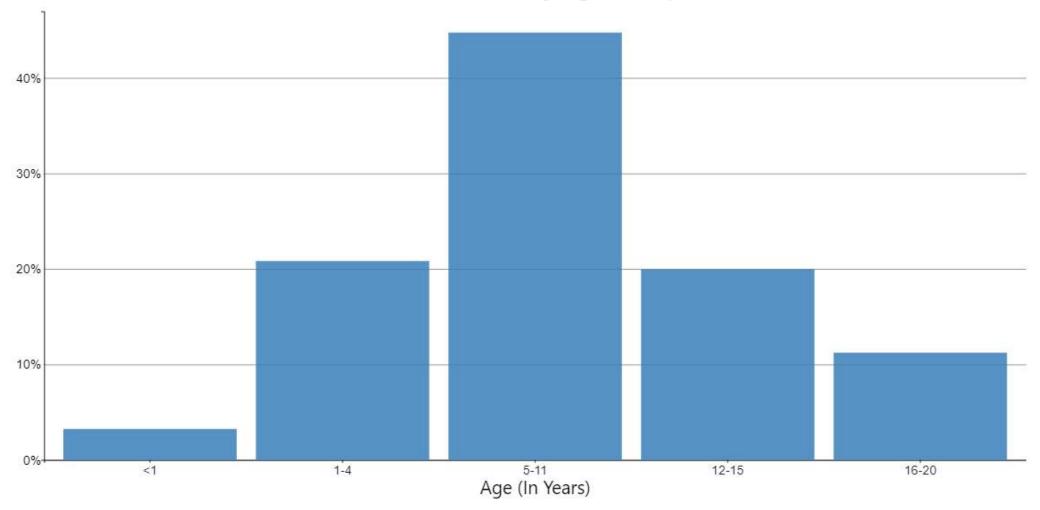




https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#mis-national-surveillance



MIS-C Patients By Age Group



https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker/#mis-national-surveillance

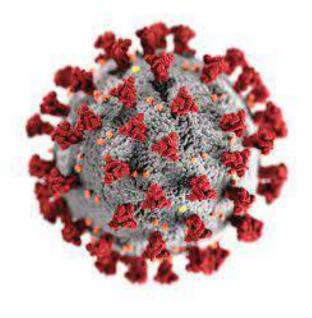


Children with SARS-CoV-2 in the National COVID Cohort Collaborative (N3C)

- 498 cases of MIS-C
- 153 (31%) met criteria for severe disease
- Obesity was the most common comorbidity present
- MIS-C cases demonstrated a more inflammatory laboratory profile and more severe clinical phenotype compared to COVID-19.
 - Higher rates of invasive ventilation (12%)
 - Need for vasoactive-inotropic support (31%)



- COVID-19 cases
- COVID-19 related hospitalizations
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- MIS-C
- Long Haul COVID





Long Haul Covid

- Danilo Buonsenso, at the Gemelli University Hospital in Rome, led the first attempt to quantify long COVID in children.
- Interviewed 129 children aged 6–16 years, who had been diagnosed with COVID-19 between March and November 2020.
- More than one-third had one or two lingering symptoms four months or more after infection, and a further one-quarter had three or more symptoms.
- Insomnia, fatigue, muscle pain and persistent cold-like complaints were common

 a pattern similar to that seen in adults with long COVID. Even children who'd
 had mild initial symptoms, or were asymptomatic, were not spared these long lasting effects.

Buonsenso, D. et al. Acta Paediatr. https://doi.org/10.1111/apa.15870 (2021).



COVID-19 Outcomes: Long haul symptoms

- Meta-analysis of 15 publications on long-term COVID symptoms (14-100 days post viral infection) showed the most common symptoms to be:
 - Fatigue 58%
 - Headache 44%
 - Attention disorder 27%
 - Hair loss 25%
 - Dyspnea 24%

Lopez-Leon S, Wegman-Ostrosky T, et al. Nature. 2021



COVID-19 Outcomes: Long haul symptoms

- In a cohort analysis of 1400 non-hospitalized patients in California.
 - 27% had symptoms persisting >60 days
 - 32% of those with persistent symptoms were asymptomatic at the onset of disease
- In a Swiss cohort of 109 seropositive children (6 months after testing) Most frequently reported symptoms for > 12 weeks were:
 - Tiredness 3%
 - Difficulty concentrating 2%
 - Increased need for sleep 2%

Huang Y, Pinto MD, Borelli JL., et al. medRxiv [Preprint]. 2021 Radtke T, Ulyte A, Puhan MA, et al., JAMA. 2021



Why is COVID important in pediatrics?

Summary

- >6.6 million children infected by the virus
- 699 deaths
- Countless days hospitalized, off school, off works, multiple families affected...



Numbers within the new vaccine age group expantion (5-11 year of age)

1.9 million cases

8,300 hospitalizations

2,316 MIS-C cases

102 deaths

COVID-19 is now a VACCINE PREVENTABLE DISEASE!!!





Thank you!